



BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE EDUCATION :: ANDHRA PRADESH
R.No.114/C3, 2nd, 3rd& 4th floors, Eswar Elite, Tadepalli, Guntur District

From
Dr.KritikaShukla,I.A.S
Secretary,
Board of Intermediate Education,
Tadepalli, Guntur,
AndhraPradesh.

To
All the Principals of Junior
Colleges offering Intermediate
Course in the State of Andhra
Pradesh.

Rc.No:BIE/ERTW/1886275/ESE51-1402310/2025-26, Date:21-03-2025

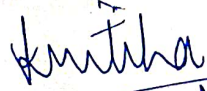
Sub: BIEAP-ERTW-Revised Syllabus for the First Year Intermediate
Course w.e.f the A.Y2025-26 - Regarding.
Ref: Proceedings Rc. No. ERTW/ESE51-14023/10/2025-26,
Dated:21- 03-2025 of the Secretary,BIEAP

Vide reference cited, the Board of Intermediate Education,Andhra Pradesh has issued proceedings for key academic reforms being implemented for 1st year Intermediate from the Academic Year 2025- 26.

In continuation to the above, the details of revised **First Year Intermediate Syllabus** of various subjects which is to be implemented from the Academic Year **2025-26** is enclosed to this circular. The New Textbooks, with the revised syllabus, will be released shortly.

Hence, all the Principals of Junior Colleges are requested to give wide publicity regarding the revision of syllabus among all the stake holders to ensure a smooth transition to the revised syllabus.

Encls: Syllabus for First year Intermediate w.e.f the Academic Year 2025-26


Secretary, 21/3/25
Board of Intermediate Education
Andhra Pradesh

Syllabus for First year Intermediate from Academic Year 2025-26

1. Mathematics (1st Year)

1. Sets

- 1.1 Introduction
- 1.2 Sets and their Representations
- 1.3 The Empty Set
- 1.4 Finite and Infinite Sets
- 1.5 Equal Sets
- 1.6 Subsets
- 1.7 Universal Set
- 1.8 Venn Diagrams
- 1.9 Operations on Sets
- 1.10 Complement of a Set

2. Relations and functions

- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Cartesian Product of Sets
- 2.3 Relations
- 2.4 Functions

3. Trigonometric functions

- 3.1 Introduction
- 3.2 Angles
- 3.3 Trigonometric Functions
- 3.4 Trigonometric Functions of Sum and Difference of Two Angles

4. Complex number and quadratic equations

- 4.1 Introduction
- 4.2 Complex Numbers
- 4.3 Algebra of Complex Numbers
- 4.4 The Modulus and the Conjugate of a Complex Number
- 4.5 Argand Plane and Polar Representation

5. Linear inequalities

- 5.1 Introduction
- 5.2 Inequalities
- 5.3 Algebraic Solutions of Linear Inequalities in One Variable and their Graphical Representation

6. Permutations and combinations

- 6.1 Introduction
- 6.2 Fundamental Principle of Counting
- 6.3 Permutations
- 6.4 Combinations

7. Binomial theorem

- 7.1 Introduction
- 7.2 Binomial Theorem for Positive Integral Indices

8. Sequences and series

8.1 Introduction

8.2 Sequences

8.3 Series

8.4 Geometric Progression (GP.)

8.5 Relationship Between A.M. and G. M

9. Straight lines

9.1 Introduction

9.2 Slope of a Line

9.3 Various Forms of the Equation of a Line

9.4 Distance of a Point from a Line

10. Conic sections

10.1 Introduction

10.2 Sections of a Cone

10.3 Circle

10.4 Parabola

10.5 Ellipse

10.6 Hyperbola

11. Introduction to three dimensional geometry

11.1 Introduction

11.2 Coordinate Axes and Coordinate Planes in Three Dimensional Space

11.3 Coordinates of a Point in Space

11.4 Distance between Two Points

12. Limits and derivatives

12.1 Introduction

12.2 Intuitive Idea of Derivatives

12.3 Limits

12.4 Limits of Trigonometric Functions

12.5 Derivatives

13. Statistics

13.1 Introduction

13.2 Measures of Dispersion

13.3 Range

13.4 Mean Deviation

13.5 Variance and Standard Deviation

14. Probability

14.1 Event

14.2 Axiomatic Approach to Probability

2. Physics (1st Year)

1. UNITS AND MEASUREMENTS

- 1.1 Introduction
- 1.2 The International system of units
- 1.3 Significant figures
- 1.4 Dimensions of Physical Quantities
- 1.5 Dimensional formulae and dimensional equations
- 1.6 Dimensional analysis and its applications

2. MOTION IN A STRAIGHT LINE

- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Instantaneous velocity and speed
- 2.3 Acceleration
- 2.4 Kinematic equations for uniformly accelerated motion

3. MOTION IN A PLANE

- 3.1 Introduction
- 3.2 Scalars and vectors
- 3.3 Multiplication of vectors by real members
- 3.4 Addition and subtraction of vectors - graphical Method
- 3.5 Resolution of vectors
- 3.6 Vector addition - Analytical method
- 3.7 Motion in a plane
- 3.8 Motion in a plane with constant acceleration
- 3.9 Projectile motion
- 3.10 Uniform circular motion

4. LAWS OF MOTION

- 4.1 Introduction
- 4.2 Aristotle's fallacy
- 4.3 The law of inertia
- 4.4 Newton's first law of motion
- 4.5 Newton's second law of motion
- 4.6 Newton's third law of motion
- 4.7 Conservation of momentum
- 4.8 Equilibrium of a particle
- 4.9 Common forces in mechanics, friction
- 4.10 Circular motion
- 4.11 Solving problems in mechanics.

5. WORK, ENERGY AND POWER

- 5.1 Introduction
- 5.2 Notions of work and kinetic energy: The work-energy theorem.
- 5.3 Work
- 5.4 Kinetic Energy
- 5.5 Work done by a variable force
- 5.6 The work – energy theorem for a variable force
- 5.7 The concept of Potential energy

- 5.8 The conservation of mechanical energy
- 5.9 The Potential energy of a spring
- 5.10 Power
- 5.11 Collisions

6. SYSTEM OF PARTICLES AND ROTATIONAL MOTION

- 6.1 Introduction
- 6.2 Centre of mass
- 6.3 Motion of Centre of mass
- 6.4 Linear momentum of a system of particles
- 6.5 Vector product of two vectors
- 6.6 Angular velocity and its relation with linear velocity
- 6.7 Torque and angular momentum
- 6.8 Equilibrium of a rigid body and centre of gravity
- 6.9 Moment of inertia
- 6.10 Kinematics of rotational motion about a fixed axis
- 6.11 Dynamics of rotational motion about a fixed axis.
- 6.12 Angular momentum in case of rotations about a fixed axis.

7. GRAVITATION

- 7.1 Introduction
- 7.2 Kepler's laws
- 7.3 Universal law of gravitation
- 7.4 The gravitational constant
- 7.5 Acceleration due to gravity of the earth
- 7.6 Acceleration due to gravity below and above the surface of earth.
- 7.7 Gravitational potential energy
- 7.8 Escape speed
- 7.9 Earth Satellites
- 7.10 Energy of an orbiting satellite

8. MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF SOLIDS

- 8.1 Introduction
- 8.2 Stress and strain
- 8.3 Hooke's law
- 8.4 Stress – strain curve
- 8.5 Elastic moduli
- 8.6 Applications of elastic behavior of materials

9. MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF FLUIDS

- 9.1 Introduction
- 9.2 Pressure
- 9.3 Stream line flow
- 9.4 Bernoulli's principle
- 9.5 Viscosity
- 9.6 Surface tension

10. THERMAL PROPERTIES OF MATTER

- 10.1 Introduction
- 10.2 Temperature and Heat
- 10.3 Measurement of temperature

- 10.4 Ideal – gas equation and absolute temperature
- 10.5 Thermal expansion
- 10.6 Specific Heat capacity
- 10.7 Calorimetry
- 10.8 Change of state
- 10.9 Heat transfer
- 10.10 Newton's law of cooling.

11. THERMODYNAMICS

- 11.1 Introduction
- 11.2 Thermal equilibrium
- 11.3 Zeroth law of thermodynamics
- 11.4 Heat, internal energy and work
- 11.5 First law of thermodynamics
- 11.6 Specific heat capacity
- 11.7 Thermodynamic state variables and equation of state
- 11.8 Thermodynamic processes
- 11.9 Second law of thermodynamics
- 11.10 Reversible and irreversible processes
- 11.11 Carnot engine

12. KINETIC THEORY

- 12.1 Introduction
- 12.2 Molecular nature of matter
- 12.3 Behavior of gases
- 12.4 Kinetic theory of an ideal gas
- 12.5 Laws of equipartition of energy
- 12.6 Specific heat capacity
- 12.7 Mean free path

13. OSCILLATIONS

- 13.1 Introduction
- 13.2 Periodic and oscillatory motions
- 13.3 Simple Harmonic motion
- 13.4 Simple Harmonic motion and uniform circular motion
- 13.5 Velocity and acceleration in simple harmonic motion
- 13.6 Force law for simple harmonic motion
- 13.7 Energy in simple harmonic motion
- 13.8 The Simple Pendulum

14. WAVES

- 14.1 Introduction
- 14.2 Transverse and longitudinal waves
- 14.3 Displacement relation in a progressive wave
- 14.4 The speed of a travelling wave
- 14.5 The principle of superposition of waves
- 14.6 Reflection of waves
- 14.7 Beats

3. Chemistry (1st Year)

Unit 1 Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry

- 1.1 Importance of Chemistry
- 1.2 Nature of Matter
- 1.3 Properties of Matter and their Measurement
- 1.4 Uncertainty in Measurement
- 1.5 Laws of Chemical Combinations
- 1.6 Dalton's Atomic Theory
- 1.7 Atomic and Molecular Masses
- 1.8 Mole Concept and Molar Masses
- 1.9 Percentage Composition
- 1.10 Stoichiometry and Stoichiometric Calculations

Unit 2 Structure of Atom

- 2.1 Discovery of Sub-atomic Particles
- 2.2 Atomic Models
- 2.3 Developments Leading to the Bohr's Model of Atom
- 2.4 Bohr's Model for Hydrogen Atom
- 2.5 Towards Quantum Mechanical Model of the Atom
- 2.6 Quantum Mechanical Model of Atom

Unit 3 Classification of Elements and Periodicity in Properties

- 3.1 Why do we Need to Classify Elements?
- 3.2 Genesis of Periodic Classification
- 3.3 Modern Periodic Law and the Present Form of the Periodic Table
- 3.4 Nomenclature of Elements with Atomic Numbers > 100
- 3.5 Electronic Configurations of Elements and the Periodic Table
- 3.6 Electronic Configurations and Types of Elements: s-, p-, d-, f- Blocks
- 3.7 Periodic Trends in Properties of Elements

Unit 4 Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure

- 4.1 Kössel-Lewis Approach to Chemical Bonding
- 4.2 Ionic or Electrovalent Bond 106 4.3 Bond Parameters
- 4.4 The Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion (VSEPR) Theory
- 4.5 Valence Bond Theory
- 4.6 Hybridisation
- 4.7 Molecular Orbital Theory
- 4.8 Bonding in Some Homonuclear Diatomic Molecules
- 4.9 Hydrogen Bonding

Unit 5 Thermodynamics

- 5.1 Thermodynamic Terms
- 5.2 Applications
- 5.3 Measurement of ΔU and ΔH : Calorimetry
- 5.4 Enthalpy Change, $\Delta_r H$ of a Reaction – Reaction Enthalpy
- 5.5 Enthalpies for Different Types of Reactions
- 5.6 Spontaneity
- 5.7 Gibbs Energy Change and Equilibrium

Unit 6 Equilibrium

- 6.1 Equilibrium in Physical Processes
- 6.2 Equilibrium in Chemical Processes – Dynamic Equilibrium
- 6.3 Law of Chemical Equilibrium and Equilibrium Constant
- 6.4 Homogeneous Equilibria
- 6.5 Heterogeneous Equilibria
- 6.6 Applications of Equilibrium Constants
- 6.7 Relationship between Equilibrium Constant K, Reaction Quotient Q and Gibbs Energy G
- 6.8 Factors Affecting Equilibria
- 6.9 Ionic Equilibrium in Solution
- 6.10 Acids, Bases and Salts
- 6.11 Ionization of Acids and Bases
- 6.12 Buffer Solutions
- 6.13 Solubility Equilibria of Sparingly Soluble Salts

Unit 7 Redox Reactions

- 7.1 Classical Idea of Redox Reactions-Oxidation and Reduction Reactions
- 7.2 Redox Reactions in Terms of Electron Transfer Reactions
- 7.3 Oxidation Number
- 7.4 Redox Reactions and Electrode Processes

Unit 8 Organic Chemistry – Some Basic Principles and Techniques

- 8.1 General Introduction
- 8.2 Tetravalence of Carbon: Shapes of Organic Compounds
- 8.3 Structural Representations of Organic Compounds
- 8.4 Classification of Organic Compounds
- 8.5 Nomenclature of Organic Compounds
- 8.6 Isomerism
- 8.7 Fundamental Concepts in Organic Reaction Mechanism
- 8.8 Methods of Purification of Organic Compounds
- 8.9 Qualitative Analysis of Organic Compounds
- 8.10 Quantitative Analysis

Unit 9 Hydrocarbons

- 9.1 Classification
- 9.2 Alkanes
- 9.3 Alkenes
- 9.4 Alkynes
- 9.5 Aromatic Hydrocarbon
- 9.6 Carcinogenicity and Toxicity

4. Biology (1st Year)

A - BOTANY

UNIT I – DIVERSITY IN THE LIVING WORLD

Chapter 1 BIOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION

- 1.1 Kingdom monera
- 1.2 Kingdom Protista
- 1.3 Kingdom Fungi
- 1.4 Kingdom Plantae
- 1.5 Kingdom Animalia
- 1.6 Viruses, viroid and Lichens

Chapter 2 PLANT KINGDOM

- 2.1 Algae
- 2.2 Bryophytes
- 2.3 Pteridophytes
- 2.4 Gymnosperms
- 2.5 Angiosperms

UNIT II STRUCTURAL ORGANISATION IN PLANTS

Chapter 3 MORPHOLOGY OF FLOWERING PLANTS

- 3.1 The root
- 3.2 The stem
- 3.3 The leaf
- 3.4 The inflorescence
- 3.5 The flower
- 3.6 The fruit
- 3.7 The seed
- 3.8 Semi technical description of a typical flowering plant
- 3.9 Solanaceae

Chapter 4 ANATOMY OF FLOWERING PLANTS

- 4.1 The tissue system
- 4.2 Anatomy of Dicotyledonous and Monocotyledonous plants

UNIT III CELL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS

Chapter 5 CELL – THE UNIT OF LIFE

- 5.1 What is a cell?
- 5.2 Cell theory
- 5.3 An overview of cell
- 5.4 Prokaryotic cells
- 5.5 Eukaryotic cells

Chapter 6 BIOMOLECULES

- 6.1 How to analyse chemical composition?
- 6.2 Primary and Secondary metabolites
- 6.3 Bio Macro molecules
- 6.4 Proteins
- 6.5 Polysaccharides
- 6.6 Nucleic acids
- 6.7 Structure of proteins
- 6.8 Enzymes

Chapter 7 CELL CYCLE AND CELL DIVISION

- 7.1 Cell cycle
- 7.2 M phase
- 7.3 Significance of Mitosis
- 7.4 Meiosis
- 7.5 Significance of Meiosis

UNIT IV PLANT PHYSIOLOGY

Chapter 8 PHOTOSYNTHESIS IN HIGHER PLANTS

- 8.1 What do we know?
- 8.2 Early experiments
- 8.3 Where does photosynthesis takes place?
- 8.4 How many pigments are involved in Photosynthesis?
- 8.5 What is light Reaction?
- 8.6 The Electron Transport
- 8.7 Where are the ATP and NADPH used?
- 8.8 The C₄ Pathway
- 8.9 Photo respiration
- 8.10 Factors affecting photosynthesis

Chapter 9 RESPIRATION IN PLANTS

- 9.1 Do plants breathe?
- 9.2 Glycolysis
- 9.3 Fermentation
- 9.4 Aerobic respiration
- 9.5 The respiratory balance sheet
- 9.6 Amphibolic pathway
- 9.7 Respiratory Quotient

Chapter 10 PLANT GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

- 10.1 Growth
- 10.2 Differentiation, Dedifferentiation and Redifferentiation
- 10.3 Development
- 10.4 Plant growth regulators

B - ZOOLOGY

UNIT I : DIVERSITY IN THE LIVING WORLD

Chapter-1: The Living World

1.1. Diversity in the living world

1.2. Taxonomic categories

Chapter-2 : Animal Kingdom

2.1. Basis of classification

2.2. Classification of animals

UNIT II : STRUCTURAL ORGANISATION

Chapter -3 Structural Organization in Animals

3.1 Organ and Organ Systems

3.2 Frog

UNIT III: HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

Chapter-4: Breathing and Exchange of Gases

4.1 Respiratory Organs

4.2 Mechanism of Breathing

4.3 Exchange of Gases

4.4 Transport of Gases

4.5 Regulation of Respiration

4.6 Disorders of Respiratory System

Chapter-5: Body Fluids and Circulation

5.1 Blood

5.2 Lymph (Tissue Fluid)

5.3 Circulatory Pathways

5.4 Double Circulation

5.5 Regulation of Cardiac Activity

5.6 Disorders of Circulatory System

Chapter 6: Excretory Products and their Elimination

6.1 Human Excretory System

6.2 Urine Formation

6.3 Function of the Tubules

6.4 Mechanism of Concentration of the Filtrate

6.5 Regulation of Kidney Function

6.6 Micturition

6.7 Role of other Organs in Excretion

6.8 Disorders of the Excretory System

Chapter 7: Locomotion and Movement

7.1 Types of Movement

7.2 Muscle

7.3 Skeletal System

7.4 Joints

7.5 Disorders of Muscular and Skeletal System

Chapter-8: Neural Control and Coordination

8.1 Neural System

8.2 Human Neural System

8.3 Neuron as Structural and Functional Unit of Neural System

8.4 Central Neural System

Chapter-9: Chemical Coordination and Integration

9.1 Endocrine Glands and Hormones

9.2 Human Endocrine System

9.3 Hormones of Heart, Kidney and Gastrointestinal Tract

9.4 Mechanism of Hormone Action

5. CIVICS (1st Year)

Chapter 1: Scope and Significance of Political Science

- 1.0 Introduction
- 1.1. Origin of Civics
- 1.2 Origin of Political Science
- 1.3 Relationship of Civics and Political Science
- 1.4 Definitions of Political Science
 - 1.4.1 Traditional definitions of Political Science
 - 1.4.2 Modern definitions of Political Science:
- 1.5 Scope of Political Science
- 1.6 Significance of Political Science

Chapter 2: State

- 2.0 Introduction
- 2.1 Definitions of State
- 2.2. Theories of origin of the State.
- 2.3 Essential Elements of State
- 2.4 Other Elements of State
- 2.5 State Vs Society, Association and Government
 - 2.5.1 State and Society
 - 2.5.2 State and Association
 - 2.5.3 State and Government

Chapter 3: Nationalism

- 3.0 Introduction
- 3.1 Nation
 - 3.1.1 Meaning
 - 3.1.2 Definitions on Nation
 - 3.1.3 Differences between Nation and State.
- 3.2 Nationality
 - 3.2.1 Connotations of Nationality
 - 3.2.2 Essential Elements of Nationality
 - 3.2.3 Importance of Nation and Nationality
 - 3.2.4 Differences between Nation and Nationality.

- 3.3 Nationalism
 - 3.3.1 Importance of Nationalism
- 3.4 National Self-Determination.
 - 3.4.1 Demand for National Self-Determination

Chapter 4: Law

- 4.0 Introduction
- 4.1 Meaning of Law
 - 4.1.1 Definitions of Law
- 4.2 Features of Law
- 4.3 Sources of Law
- 4.4 Classification of Law
- 4.5 Law and Morality
 - 4.5.1 Differences between Law and Morality
- 4.6 Law and Liberty
 - 4.6.1 Law and Liberty are Antithetical
 - 4.6.2 Law and Liberty are Complimentary
- 4.7 Rule of Law

Chapter 5: Liberty and Equality

- 5.0 Introduction
- 5.1 Meaning of Liberty
- 5.2 Definitions of Liberty
- 5.3 Characteristics of Liberty
- 5.4 Types of Liberty
- 5.5 Safeguards of Liberty
- 5.6 Elements Threatening Individual Liberty
- 5.7 Introduction of Equality
- 5.8 Meaning of Equality
- 5.9 Significant Features of Equality
- 5.10 Types of Equality
- 5.11 Obstacles to Equality
- 5.12 Measures to promote Equality

Chapter 6: Rights and Responsibilities

- 6.0 Introduction
- 6.1 Meaning of Rights
- 6.2 Definitions of Rights
- 6.3 Theories of Rights
- 6.4 Features of Rights
- 6.5 Classification of Rights
- 6.6 Important Civil Rights
- 6.7 Important Political Rights
- 6.8 Important Economic Rights
- 6.9 Fundamental Rights
- 6.10 Safeguards of Rights
- 6.11 Human rights
 - 6.11.1 Origin of the Human Rights
 - 6.11.2 Objectives of Human Rights
 - 6.11.3 Features of Human Rights
 - 6.11.4 Classification of Human Rights
- 6.12 Responsibilities
 - 6.12.1 Types of Responsibilities
 - 6.12.2 Important Responsibilities of a Citizen
- 6.13 Relationship between Rights and Responsibilities.

Chapter 7: Justice

- 7.0 Introduction
- 7.1 Definitions
- 7.2 Major concepts of Justice
- 7.3 Connotations of Justice
- 7.4 Aspects of Justice
- 7.5 Sources of Justice
- 7.6 Types of Justice
- 7.7 Social Justice
- 7.8 Achievement of Social Justice

Chapter 8: Citizenship

- 8.0 Introduction
- 8.1 Definitions of Citizenship
- 8.2 Aliens
- 8.3 Methods of acquiring Citizenship
- 8.4 Loss of Citizenship
- 8.5 Qualities of a Good Citizen
- 8.6 Hindrances to Good Citizenship
- 8.7 Ways for overcoming the Hindrances to Good Citizenship
- 8.8 Types of Citizenship
- 8.9 Citizenship in India
- 8.10 Significance of Citizenship

Chapter 9: Democracy

- 9.0 Introduction
- 9.1 Origin
- 9.2 Definitions of Democracy
- 9.3 Evolution and Growth of Democracy
- 9.4 Features of Democracy
- 9.5 Types of Democracy
 - 9.5.1 Merits of Democracy
 - 9.5.2 Demerits of Democracy
- 9.6 Essential Conditions to the success of Democracy
- 9.7 Importance of Democracy
- 9.8 Devices of Direct Democracy

Chapter 10: Secularism

- 10.0 Introduction
 - 10.1 Origin of Secularism
 - 10.2 Meaning and Definitions of Secularism
 - 10.3 Interpretations on Secularism
 - 10.4 Dimensions of Secularism
 - 10.5 The Models of Secularism
 - 10.6 Types of Secularism
 - 10.7 Factors that led to the Growth of Secularism

- 10.8 Merits of Secularism
- 10.9 Meaning of Theocracy
- 10.10 Secularism Vs Theocracy
- 10.11 Meaning of Atheistic State
- 10.12 Meaning of Theocratic State
- 10.13 Meaning of Secular State
- 10.14 Features of Secular State
- 10.15 Importance of Secular State
- 10.16 Differences between Secular State and Theocratic State

Chapter 11: Constitution

- 11.0 Introduction
- 11.1 Definitions of the Constitution
- 11.2 Essential Features of the Constitution
- 11.3 Classification of Constitutions
- 11.4 Evolution of Constitution
 - 11.4.1 Evolved Constitution
 - 11.4.2 Enacted Constitution
- 11.5 Nature of Constitution
 - 11.5.1 Written Constitution
 - 11.5.2 Unwritten Constitution
- 11.6 Differences between Written and Unwritten Constitutions
- 11.7 Method of Amendment
 - 11.7.1 Rigid Constitution
 - 11.7.2 Flexible Constitution
- 11.8 Differences between Rigid and Flexible Constitutions

Chapter 12: Government

- 12.0 Introduction
- 12.1 Meaning of Government
 - 12.2 Classification of Government
 - 12.2.1 Aristotle's Classification
 - 12.2.2 Stephen Leacock's Classification
- 12.3 Unitary Government
 - 12.3.1 Definitions of Unitary Government

- 12.3.2 Features of Unitary Government
- 12.3.3 Merits of Unitary Government
- 12.3.4 Demerits of Unitary Government
- 12.4 Federal Government
 - 12.4.1 Definitions of Federal Government
 - 12.4.2 Features of Federal Government
 - 12.4.3 Merits of Federal Government
 - 12.4.4 Demerits of Federal Government
- 12.5 Distinction between Unitary and Federal Governments
- 12.6 Parliamentary Government
 - 12.6.1 Features of Parliamentary Government
 - 12.6.2 Merits of Parliamentary Government
 - 12.6.3 Demerits of Parliamentary Government
- 12.7 Presidential Government
 - 12.7.1 Features of Presidential Government
 - 12.7.2 Merits of Presidential Government
 - 12.7.3 Demerits of Presidential Government
- 12.8 Differences between Parliamentary and Presidential Governments
- 12.9 Theory of Separation of Powers
- 12.10 Organs of Government
 - 12.10.1 Legislature
 - 12.10.2 Executive
 - 12.10.3 Judiciary

6. HISTORY (1stYear)

Chapter 1 INTRODUCTION TO HISTORY

- 1.0 Introduction
- 1.1 Definition of History
- 1.2 Scope of History
- 1.3 History-Relation with other disciplines
- 1.4 Sources of History
- 1.5 Geographical influence on Indian History
- 1.6 India – A Land of Unity in Diversity
- 1.7 Summary

Chapter 2 ANCIENT INDIAN CIVILIZATION AND CULTURE

- 2.0 Introduction
- 2.1 Pre Harappan-Cultures
- 2.2 Harappan Civilization
- 2.3 The Harappan Script
- 2.4 Town Planning
- 2.5 Political Organization
- 2.6 Society and Economy
- 2.7 Art-crafts-industries
- 2.8 Religious Beliefs and Practices
- 2.9 Decline of the Harappan Civilization
- 2.10 Vedic Age, Polity, Society, Economy and Culture
- 2.11 Vedic Literature
- 2.12 The Early Vedic Period or Rig Vedic Period 1500BCE - 1000BCE
- 2.13 Post Vedic Period
- 2.14 Summary

Chapter 3 Early States, Empires and Economy

- 3.0 Introduction
- 3.1 Early States
- 3.2 Sixteen Mahajanapadas
- 3.3 Rise and growth of Magadha.
- 3.4 Rural Life, Social conditions and Economy
- 3.5 Urbanization and Trade
- 3.6 Foreign Invasion
- 3.7 Summary

Chapter 4 Early Societies and Religious Movements

- 4.0 Introduction
- 4.1 Early Societies
- 4.2 Kinship and Marriages
- 4.3 Social Differences
- 4.4 Religious Movements
- 4.5 Ajivikas
- 4.6 Lokayats or Charvakas
- 4.7 Jainism
- 4.8 Buddhism
- 4.9 Summary

Chapter-5 India from 3rd BCE Century to 7th CE

- 5.0 Introduction
- 5.1 The Mauryan Empire
- 5.2 The Kushans
- 5.3 The Gupta Empire
- 5.4 The Harshavardhana
- 5.5 Summary

Chapter 6 Deccan and South India (upto 10th Century CE)

- 6.0 Introduction
- 6.1 Sources
- 6.2 The Sangam Age
- 6.3 The Satavahanas
- 6.4 The Ikshvakus
- 6.5 The Vishnukundins
- 6.6 The Pallavas of Kanchipuram
- 6.7 The Chalukyas
- 6.8 The Rastrakutas
- 6.9 The Cholas of Tanjore
- 6.10 Summary

Chapter 7 Delhi Sultanate

- 7.0 Introduction
- 7.1 Sources
- 7.2 Arab Invasion on Sind
- 7.3 Turkish invasions
- 7.4 Delhi Sultanate Dynasties
- 7.5 Important Sultans and Their Achievements
- 7.6 Downfall of Delhi Sultanate
- 7.7 Administration of Delhi Sultanate
- 7.8 Summary

Chapter 8 Mughals and Marathas

- 8.0 Introduction
- 8.1 Imperial Mughals (First Phase)
- 8.2 Shar shah
- 8.3 Imperial Mughals(Second Phase)
- 8.4 Later Mughals
- 8.5 Mughal Administration
- 8.6 Religious policy of Mughals
- 8.7 Cultural conditions under the Mughals
- 8.8 Disintegration of Mughal Empire
- 8.9 The Marathas
- 8.10 Shivaji Administration
- 8.11 The Peshwas
- 8.12 Summary

Chapter 9 BHAKTI AND SUFI TRADITIONS (8TH CE – 16TH CENTURY CE)

9.0-Introduction

9.1-Meaning of Bhakti

9.2- Doctrines of Bhakti Cult

9.3-Prominent Bhakti Saints and their Preachings

9.4- Bhakti Poets

9.5- Bhakti Movement in Maharashtra

9.6- Sufism – Meaning, Origin and Main Characters

9.7-Prominent Sufi Orders and Sufi Saints

9.8-Impact of Bhakti and Sufi Movements on Society

9.9- Summary

Chapter 10 DECCAN AND SOUTH INDIA (10th - 19th CENTURY C.E.)

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10.1 Sources

10.2 The Kakatiya

10.3 The Vijayanagar Rulers

10.4 The Bahmani of Gulbarga

10.5 The Qutb Shahi of Golconda

10.6 The Asaf Jahi of Hyderabad

10.7 Summary

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11.0 Introduction

11.1 Advent of European Companies in India and conflict

11.2 Expansion of East India Company's authority

11.3 Prominent Governor Generals and their policies

11.4 1857 Revolt

11.5 Summary

Chapter 12 Indian National Movement

12.0 Introduction

12.1 Background to Indian National Movement

12.2 Foundation of Indian National Congress

12.3 Phases of Indian National Movement

12.4 Vandemataram Movement

12.5 The role of Revolutionaries - Early Phase

12.6 Home Rule movement

12.7 Gandhiji-Early Struggles

12.8 Non-Cooperation Movement

12.9 Second Phase of Revolutionary Movement

12.10 Civil Disobedience Movement

12.11 Quit India Movement

12.12 Constitutional Reforms

12.13 Role of Women in National Movement

12.14 Towards Freedom

12.15 Indian Constitution

12.16 Summary

7. ECONOMICS (1st Year)

UNIT-1: INTRODUCTION

- 1.0 Origin and Meaning of Economics
- 1.1 Definitions of Economics
 - 1.1.1 Wealth Definition
 - 1.1.2 Welfare Definition
 - 1.1.3 Scarcity Definition
 - 1.1.4 Growth Definition
 - 1.1.5 Jacob Viner's Definition
- 1.2 Central problems of an Economy
- 1.3 Production Possibility Frontier
- 1.4 Organization of Economic Activities
 - 1.4.1 The Centrally Planned Economy
 - 1.4.2 The Market Economy
 - 1.4.3 Mixed Economy
- 1.5 Division of Economics
 - 1.5.1 Micro Economics
 - 1.5.2 Macro Economics
- 1.6 Deductive and Inductive Methods
 - 1.6.1 Deductive Method
 - 1.6.2 Inductive Method
- 1.7 Positive and Normative Economics
 - 1.7.1 Positive Economics
 - 1.7.2 Normative Economics
- 1.8 Basic Economics concepts
 - 1.8.1 Goods & Services
 - 1.8.2 Types of Goods
 - 1.8.3 Wants
 - 1.8.4 Classification of Human wants
 - 1.8.5 Utility
 - 1.8.6 Other basic terms

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- 2.0 Introduction
- 2.1 What is Utility?
- 2.2 Marginal utility Analysis
 - 2.2.1 Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility
 - 2.2.2 Law of Equi-Marginal Utility
- 2.3 Indifference Curve Analysis
 - 2.3.1 Indifference Map
 - 2.3.2 Properties of Indifference Curves
 - 2.3.3 Budget Line / Price Line
- 2.4 Consumer's Equilibrium

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- 3.1 Meaning of Demand
- 3.2 Demand Function
- 3.3 Factors that determine Demand
- 3.4 Types of Demand
 - 3.4.1 Price Demand (Law of Demand)

- 3.4.1.1 Exceptions to the Law of Demand
- 3.4.1.2 Reasons for the Downward (or) Negative Slope of Demand Curve
- 3.4.1.3 Change in quantity Demanded and change in Demand
- 3.4.2 Income Demand
- 3.4.3 Cross Demand
- 3.5 Meaning of Elasticity of Demand
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- 4.4 Production Function
 - 4.4.1 Cobb-Douglas Production Function
- 4.5 Types of Production Functions
 - 4.5.1 Short-run Production Function (The Law of Variable Proportions)
 - 4.5.2 Long-run Production Function (The law of Returns to scale)
 - 4.5.3 Economies of large-scale production (Internal and External Economies)
- 4.6 Isoquant
- 4.7 Supply
 - 4.7.1 Price Elasticity of Supply
- 4.8 Summary

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 - 5.1.1 Cost Function
 - 5.1.2 Concepts of Costs
 - 5.1.3 Short Run Costs – Cost Curves
 - 5.1.4 Shapes of the Short Run Cost Curves
 - 5.1.5 Relationship between Average cost and Marginal Cost
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 - 5.2.1 Revenue Curves in Perfect competition
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- 6.6 Perfect Competition
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 - 6.6.2 Price and Output determination under Perfect Competition (Short-run)
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 - 6.7.3 Oligopoly
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- 6.8 Comparison between Perfect Competition and Monopoly

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- 7.2 Determination of Factor Price
- 7.3 Marginal Productivity Theory
- 7.4 Rent
 - 7.4.1 Contract Rent
 - 7.4.2 Economic Rent
 - 7.4.3 Ricardian Theory of Rent
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- 7.5 Wages
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 - 7.5.2 Factors determining Real Wages
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- 7.6 Interest
 - 7.6.1 Concepts of Interest
 - 7.6.2 Theories of Interest
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9.6.3 Components of Budget

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10.2.5 Functions of the RBI

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10.3.2 Methods of measuring Inflation in India

10.3.3 Types of Inflation

10.3.4 Causes of Inflation

10.3.5 Effects of Inflation

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8. COMMERCE (1st Year)

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- 1.2 Classification of Economic Activities
- 1.3 Meaning, Definition and Characteristics of Business
- 1.4 Objectives of Business

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- 2.3 Hindrances Involved in Commerce
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- 5.2 Features
- 5.3 Types of Partners
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- 6.3 Classification of Companies,
- 6.4 The distinction between Private & Public Companies.
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- 7.2 Promotion
- 7.3 Types of Promoters
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- 7.5 Capital Subscription
- 7.6 Commencement of Business.
- 7.7 Memorandum of Association (MOA)
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- 9.5 Security & Safety in online transactions

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UNIT I

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- 1.1 Introduction.
- 1.2 Book Keeping
- 1.3 Accounting
- 1.4 Basic accounting terms

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- 2.1 Accounting principles
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- 2.3 Accounting conventions
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- 3.2 Meaning
- 3.3 Advantages
- 3.4 Account
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UNIT –II

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- 4.1 Meaning
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- 6.3 Types of Subsidiary Books
- 6.4 Preparation of Subsidiary books

UNIT –III

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- 7.2 Advantages
 - 7.2.1 Opening entries
 - 7.2.2 Purchase of assets on credit
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 - 7.2.6 Closing entries
 - 7.2.7 Transfer entries
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- 8.1 Meaning
- 8.2 Characteristics and advantages
- 8.3 Importance
- 8.4 Various kinds of cash books and their preparation

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- 9.3 Meaning and advantages of BRS
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9. English (1st Year)

<u>UNIT</u>	<u>SECTION</u>	<u>TITLE AND AUTHOR</u>
I. THE AWAKENING	Prose	1.The Malady of OverthinkingJerome. K. Jerome
	Poetry	2. The Lamb, The TygerWilliam Blake
	Extensive Reading	3. The Blind DogR.K. Narayan
II. METAMORPHOSIS	Prose	4. Chief Seattle's LetterChief Seattle
	Poetry	5. InvictusWilliam Ernest Henley
	Extensive Reading	6. A Retrieved ReformationO. Henry
III. BRAVE NEW WORLD	Prose	7. You've Got to Find What You Love Steve Jobs
	Poetry	8. RefugeesBrian Bilston
	Extensive Reading	9. A Sound of ThunderRay Bradbury
IV. GRAMMAR	Grammar	1. Comprehension
		2. Information Transfer – Text to Diagram
		3. Creative Writing
		4. Articles
		5. Prepositions
		6. Verb Forms/Tense
		7. Rewrite as directed
		a) Voice

		b) Reported Speech
		c) Degrees of Comparison
		d) Simple, Complex and Compound Sentences
		e) Question Tags
		8. Correction of Sentences/Common Errors
		9. Synonyms and Antonyms
		10. Phonetic Transcription
		11. Odd Sounds
		12. Dialogue Writing

10.Telugu (1st Year)

పద్యభాగం:

1. భీముని గర్వభంగం – నన్నయ
2. రుద్ర పశుపతి కథ-పాల్కురికి సోమనాథుడు
3. పద్య సౌరభాలు- వివిధ శతక కవులు
4. ఆంధ్రుడను-గుర్రం జాషువా
5. బాటసారి- శ్రీ శ్రీ

గద్యభాగం

1. మహాత్మా జ్యోతిబాపూల్-డాక్టర్ బి విజయభారతి
2. జాయ సేనాపతి-శ్రీ రాళ్లపల్లి అనంత కృష్ణ శర్మ
3. జానపద కళలు-మిక్కిలినేని రాధాకృష్ణమూర్తి
4. దొంగ ఎవడు? దొర ఎవడు?-తాపీ ధర్మారావు
5. సి.పి .బ్రౌన్-జానుమద్ది హనుమచ్ఛాస్త్రి

ఉపవాచకం:

1. రతన్ టాటా- సంపాదక రచయితలు
2. గాలివాన-అడవి బాపిరాజు
3. ఉరి -విశ్వనాథ సత్యనారాయణ
4. గౌరవ స్థానం- కనుపర్తి వరలక్ష్మమ్మ
5. వాన కురిస్తే-కేతు విశ్వనాథ రెడ్డి

వ్యాకరణ అంశాలు:

1. సంధులు
2. సమాసములు

3. పద దోషములు

4. లేఖారచన

5. స్థూల అవగాహన

6. అనువాదములు

11. Sanskrit (1st Year)

विषयानुक्रमणिका

पद्यभागः

१. हनुमदुपदेशः - वाल्मीकिमहर्षिः
२. रघोः शौर्यम् - कालिदासमहाकविः
३. नीतिश्लोकाः - विविधकवयः
४. जनादरः - श्री पि. पट्टाभिरामारावु
५. प्रतिश्रुतिः - डा. दीवि नरसिंहदीक्षितः

गद्यभागः

१. अज्ञातस्य वासो न देयः - नारायणपण्डितः
२. शूद्रक - वीरवरकथा - जम्भालदत्तः
३. मूर्खपण्डितकथा - विष्णुशर्मा
४. दयावान् राक्षसः - आचार्य हर्षदेवमाधवः
५. जीर्णच्छत्रम् - म.म.पुल्लेल श्रीरामचन्द्रुडु

उपवाचकम्

१. विनयः विधेयता च - श्री जनार्दन हेगडे
२. मित्ररत्नम् - डा. पूजा उपाध्याया
३. पापस्य फलम् - डा. सञ्जीवः
४. दानशूरः शिबिः - डा. उदयन हेगडे
५. मैत्री - सुगन्धः

व्याकरणम्

१. शब्दाः
२. धातुरूपाणि
३. सन्धयः

पत्रलेखनम्

अनुवादाभ्यासः

सङ्ख्याः

अनुबन्धः

सरलवाक्यानि

नैव क्लिष्टा न च कठिना

समयः

मानकप्रश्नपत्रम्

पद्यभाग

- | | | |
|---------------------|---|------------------------|
| 1 कबीर के दोहे | - | महात्मा कबीरदास |
| 2 रैदास के दोहे | - | महात्मा रैदास |
| 3 मुरझाया फूल | - | श्रीमती महादेवी वर्मा |
| 4 वह देश कौन सा है? | - | श्री रामनरेश त्रिपाठी |
| 5 समय | - | श्री सियाराम शरण गुप्त |

गद्यभाग

- | | | |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1. परीक्षा | - | मुंशी प्रेमचंद |
| 2. हार की जीत | - | श्री सुदर्शन |
| 3. मित्रता | - | आचार्य रामचंद्र शुक्ल |
| 4. काबुलीवाला | - | रवीन्द्रनाथ ठाकुर |
| 5. इतिहास बदलता है | - | देवेन्द्र सत्यार्थी |

एकांकी

- | | | |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1. बहु की विदा | - | विनोद रस्तोगी |
| 2. सच्चा धर्म | - | सेठ गोविंद दास |
| 3. विष कन्या | - | श्री गोविंद वल्लभ पंत |

व्याकरण

1. शब्द विचार
2. लिंग
3. वचन
4. पर्यायवाची शब्द
5. विलोम शब्द
6. शुद्ध वर्तनी
7. अनुवाद
8. पत्र लेखन

13.URDU (Ist Year)

فہرست

مصنف/شاعر	مضمون/نظ	صنف	سلسلہ نمب
I			
حصہ شاعری			
از خلیلا الرحمن اعظمی از نظیر اکبر آبادی	میندیر سے دھوپ مینکھڑا ہوں مفلسی	غزل	1
از دیاسکرٹسیم	گنارنسیم	نظم	2
از میر میر علیا تیس از امجدیدر آبادی	میراثیس "جبکہ بلمیندا" . لخشابدینہوا "رباعیات امجد	مثنوی	3
حصہ نثر			
از میرامند ہلوی از ڈبیر پیراحم	"باغویہار" (سیرتیسرے درویشکی)	مرثیہ	4
از منشی پیرمچند	"مرآة العروس"	رباع	5
II			
از خواجہ حسن نظامی از رشید احمد صدیق	"بدنصیبمان"	داستان	1
	"لیمپ"	ناول	2
	"ڈاکٹر عبدالحق"	افسانہ	3
		انشائیہ	4
		خاک	5

III

حصہ قواعد

- 1 صرف کیتوری
- 2 اسماء اور اسکی قسمی
- 3 ضمیر اور اسکی قسمی
- 4 صفت اور اسکی قسمی
- 5 فعل اور اسکی قسمی

(ا) لازم (ب) متعدی (ج) ناق (د) ضمنی
 ترجمہ (انگریز یا الفاظ کا اردو ترجمہ)
 سوالات

IV

حصہ سرسری مطالعہ "عزت"

- 1 مضمون 2 از "زندگیا و وجود" سرسید احمد خاں
- 3 مضمون 3 از "تعلیم" مولانا ابوالکلام آزاد
- 4 مضمون 4 "اپنی یاد میں!" از ڈاکٹر ذاکر حسین کنہی
- 5 مضمون 5 "علامہ امیر علی خان نسیر" از لالکپور ڈاکٹر سید وحید کوثر

مضمون

* نمونہ پرچہ سوالات

Kritika
 21/5/25

SECRETARY,
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 TADEPALLI, GUNTUR DISTRICT,
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